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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/982,745	10/18/2001	James Earl Trout	8302M	7841
27752	7590 09/03/2003			
THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DIVISION WINTON HILL TECHNICAL CENTER - BOX 161			EXAMINER	
			PADEN, CAROLYN A	
••••	ER HILL AVENUE FI, OH 45224	•	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			1761	
			DATE MAILED: 09/03/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application N .	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Commons	09/982,745	TROUT ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
TI MAN INO DATE AND TO A	Carolyn A Paden	1761					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover she	et with the corresp naence ac	idress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	136(a). In no event, however, m ly within the statutory minimum will apply and will expire SIX (6) e, cause the application to become	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timel MONTHS from the mailing date of this of me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. ommunication.				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04	<u>March 2003</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	nis action is non-final.						
 Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims 			ne merits is				
4) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application	n.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement	t.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		•					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
	_	☐ disapproved by the Examin	er.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	• •		,				
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	Carrinici.						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 H S	C & 110(a) (d) or (f)					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	if priority under 55 o.c.	.c. g 119(a)-(u) or (i).					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ts have been received						
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 							
Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But application from the Internation from the International But application from the International But application from the Internation from the	rity documents have b	een received in this National	Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	·						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
 a) The translation of the foreign language pro 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest 	• •						
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 4	5) Notic	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper No ce of Informal Patent Application (PT r:					

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gautchier as further evidenced by Banwart.

Gautchier discloses a fat sparing system especially for cookie filler creams. The fat sparing system can contains a fat substitute or non-digestible fat. The cookie filler is disclosed to contain less than 30 wt % fat. The fats contemplated for use include fat replacers and fat blends. The fat blends are disclosed at column 5, lines 7-17 to include partially hydrogenated soybean oil. Applicant equates partially hydrogenated soybean oil to be a crystallizing lipid at page 7 of the specification. The fat replacers contemplated are shown at column 5, lines 25-37. The final product is shown at example 1 to contain no water. The fat substitute is shown in the example to be in the amount that is shown in the claims. Although the patent does not

show the water activity of the filling fat, water activity is a well-known property of foods. Banwart is relied upon to show the definition of water activity in foods. One of ordinary skill in the art, with a knowledge of how water activity is defined, would have recognized that the low moisture content of Gautchier would permit the water activity of the food to be within the range that is set forth in the claims. The claims appear to differ from the reference in the suggestion of a sandwich biscuit but no unobvious or unexpected result is seen to flow from the substitution of a biscuit for a cookie, since both are baked goods. It is appreciated that the amount of nondigestible lipid is not specifically shown in the reference, but to vary the ratio of non-digestible to digestible lipids in a food product would have been an obvious way to modify the caloric content of the food item.

Claims 1-12 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 1-6 of copending Application No. 09/982,703 in view of Banwart. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

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The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows:

Claim 1, in the present application, calls for a non-digestible lipid having a water activity of 0.6. In claim 3 cheese powder is also included. The claims in the "703 application appear to differ from the present application in the suggestion that the product has a water activity of 0.6. Banwart is relied upon to show the definition of water activity in foods. One of ordinary skill in the art, with a knowledge of how water activity is defined, would have recognized that the low moisture content of '703 would permit the water activity of the product to fall within the range that is set forth in the claims. The use of dried cheese powder is also included as an option in the '703 patent.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant would be prevented from presenting claims corresponding to thos of the instant application in the other copending application. See In re Application/Control Number: 09/982,745

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Schneller, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). Se also MPEP § 804.

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Claims 1-12 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-8 of copending Application No. 09/982773.

Claim 1, in the present application, calls for a non-digestible lipid having a water activity of 0.6. In claim 3 cheese powder is also included. The claims in the '773 application appear to differ from the present application in the suggestion of the inclusion of a crystallizing fat. But one of ordinary skill in the art would expect that a digestible lipid (claim 5) would be expected to include a crystallizing fat with a melting point that is high enough to permit the filling to maintain its structure in a cookie.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is bas d on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and

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to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Carolyn A Paden whose telephone number is 703-308-3294. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 7 am to 3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Milton Cano, can be reached on (703) 308-3959. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-305-7718.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

CAROLYN PADEN 7-26-03
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 1900 1761

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